Morocco: WHO statistical profile

Basic statistics

Indicators	Statistics	Year
Population (thousands)	33008	2013
Population aged under 15 (%)	28	2013
Population aged over 60 (%)	8	2013
Median age (years)	27	2013
Population living in urban areas (%)	59	2013
Total fertility rate (per woman)	2.7	2013
Number of live births (thousands)	749.9	2013
Number of deaths (thousands)	210.2	2013
Birth registration coverage (%)	94	2010-2011
Cause-of-death registration coverage (%)	25	2009-2011
Gross national income per capita (PPP int \$)	7000	2013
WHO region	Eastern Mediterran	2013
World Bank income classification	Lower middle	2013

Source:

Country statistics and global health estimates

by WHO and UN partners

For more information visit the Global Health Observatory (http://www.who.int/gho/en/)

Last updated: January 2015

Life expectancy (years), 2012

		Country	WHO region	World Bank income group
Life expectancy	At birth	71	68	66
	At age 60	18	18	17
Healthy life expectancy	At birth	61	58	57

Life expectancy at birth for both sexes increased by 3 year(s) over the period of 2000-2012; the WHO region average increased by 3 year(s) in the same period.

In 2012, healthy expectancy in both sexes was 10 year(s) lower than overall life expectancy at birth. This lost healthy life expetancy represents 10 equivalent year(s) of full health lost through years lived with morbidity and disability.



WHO regional life expectancy at birth

Healthy life expectancy at birth

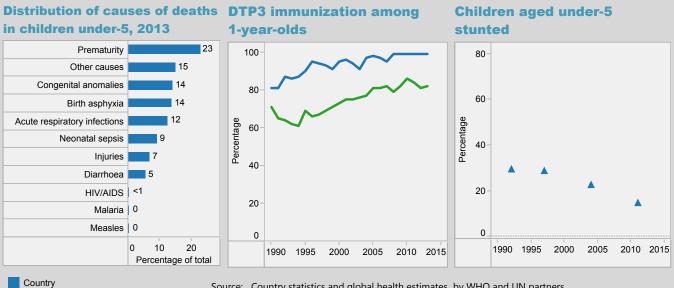
Lost healthy life expectancy

Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

Statistics			100	-						
Indicators	Baseline*	Latest**								
Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	81	30	Under-five mortality rate (per 1000 live births)	50	_					-
Aaternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	310	120		0						
Deaths due to HIV/AIDS (per 100 000 population)	1.0	3.7	Maternal	300-	<					
Deaths due to malaria (per 100 000 population)	0.0	0.0	mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	200 - 100 -	-					-
Deaths due to tuberculosis among HIV-negative people (per 100 000 population)	12	8.6		0	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015
1990 for under-five mortality and maternal mortali 2012 for deaths due to HIV/AIDS and malaria ; 20			Country WHO region							



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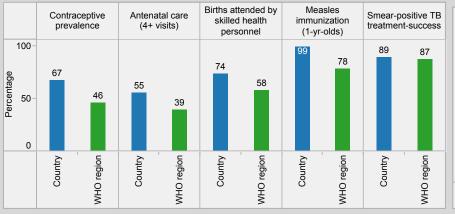
WHO region

Source: Country statistics and global health estimates by WHO and UN partners For more information visit the Global Health Observatory (<u>http://www.who.int/gho/en//</u>) Last updated: January 2015

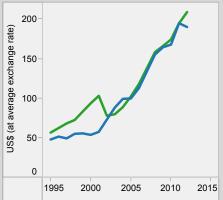
... Data not available or applicable.

Utilisation of health services*

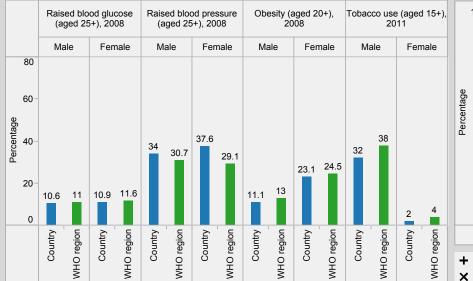
*Data refer to the latest year available from 2007.



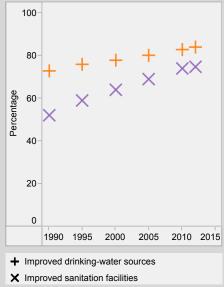
Per capita total expenditure on health



Adult risk factors



Population using improved water and sanitation



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Top 10 causes of death

Stroke was the leading cause of death, killing 26.3 thousand people in 2012

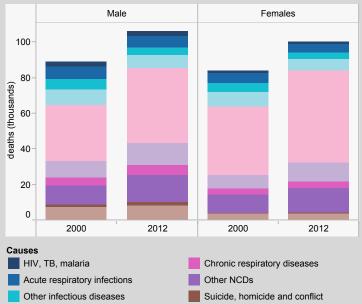
No of dea	aths (000s) 2012	Crude death rate 2000-2012	Change in rank 2000-2012
Stroke (12.8%)	26.3		•
Diabetes mellitus (11.9%)	24.5		
Ischaemic heart disease (11.7%)	24.0		
Lower respiratory infections (5.5%)	11.3		•
Hypertensive heart disease (3.2%)	6.6		
Road injury (2.9%)	6.0		•
Preterm birth complications (2.5%)	5.1		
Asthma (2.1%)	4.4		
Cirrhosis of the liver (2.1%)	4.3		
Kidney diseases (1.9%)	4.0		
Rank decreased		increased	no change

Deaths by broad cause group

Maternal, neonatal, nutritional

Cancers

Cardiovascular diseases and diabetes

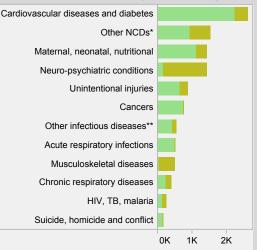


Unintentional injuries

Burden of disease, 2012

Disability-adjusted life years (DALYs) are the sum of years of life lost due to premature mortality (YLL) and years of healthy life lost due to disability (YLD).

DALYs, YLL and YLD (thousands) by broad cause group



*Other noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) including non-malignant neoplasms; endocrine, blood and immune disorders; sense organ, digestive, genitourinary, and skin diseases; oral conditions; and congenital anomalies.

 ** Infectious diseases other than acute respiratory diseases, HIV, TB and malaria.

YLD

YLL

Probability of dying, 2012

Probability of dying between relevant exact ages, for a person experiencing the 2012 age-specific mortality risks throughout their life.

Before age 15, all causes Male		
Female	12%	
Male	59%	
Female	48%	
Female	3%	
Both sexes	23%	
	Female Male Female Female Both	Female12%Male59%Female48%Female3%Both23%

~Cancers, cardiovascular diseases, chronic respiratory diseases and diabetes

Source: Country statistics and global health estimates by WHO and UN partners

For more information visit the Global Health Observatory (http://who.int/gho/mortality_burden_disease/en/) Last updated: January 2015