# Child Poverty in the United States 2009 and 2010: Selected Race Groups and Hispanic Origin 

## American Community Survey Briefs

## INTRODUCTION

Poverty is a critical indicator of the wellbeing of our nation's children. Changes in child poverty rates over time can provide an evaluation of a particular antipoverty initiative and help to identify people and groups whose most basic economic needs remain unmet. Children who live in poverty, especially young children, are more likely than their peers to have cognitive and behavioral difficulties, to complete fewer years of education, and, as they grow up, to experience more years of unemployment. ${ }^{1}$

## HIGHLIGHTS FROM ACS 2010²

- More than one in five children in the United States ( 15.75 million) lived in poverty in 2010.
- More than 1.1 million children were added to the poverty population between the 2009 ACS and the 2010 ACS.

[^0]- The 2010 ACS child poverty rate (21.6 percent) is the highest since the survey began in 2001.
- Children from all race groups were added to the poverty population since the 2009 ACS, including children reported as White $(507,000)$, Black $(259,000)$, Some Other Race $(99,000)$, and children of Two or More Races $(160,000)$.
- In the 2010 ACS, White and Asian children had poverty rates below the U.S. average. Other race groups had higher rates, including Black children ( 38.2 percent) and children identified with Two or More Races (22.7 percent). Poverty for Hispanic children was 32.3 percent.
- The number and percentage of children in poverty increased in 27 states from the 2009 ACS to the 2010 ACS. In no state did the number or percent of children in poverty decrease.
- Ten states had child poverty rates estimated at 25.0 percent or higher while only New Hampshire had a child poverty rate of 10.0 percent or lower. ${ }^{3}$

[^1]U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU

This report is one of a series produced to highlight results from the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS). It presents poverty estimates for children aged 0 to 17 based on data from the 2009 and the 2010 ACS. The report compares nationaland state-level child poverty rates for all children and for children by race group and Hispanic origin for each state and the District of Columbia. ${ }^{4}$ The ACS also provides child poverty estimates for counties, places, and other localities.

## NATIONAL

In the United States the rate of poverty for children aged 0 to 17 increased by an estimated 1.6 percentage points, from 20.0 percent in the 2009 ACS to 21.6 percent in the 2010 ACS. An additional 1.1 million children were
${ }^{4}$ Data for Puerto Rico are shown in the figures and tables.
estimated to be in poverty for a total of 15.7 million in 2010.

The U.S. child poverty rate has fluctuated over the past 10 years as shown in Figure 1. The rate increased from 16.9 percent in the 2001 ACS to 18.5 percent in the 2005 ACS, before declining by 0.5 percentage points over the next two survey years. The national child poverty rate rose 1.8 percentage points from 2008 to 2009 and rose again by 1.6 percentage points between 2009 and 2010. More than one in five children in the United States lived in poverty according to the 2010 ACS. ${ }^{5}$
${ }^{5}$ The poverty universe is a subset of the total population covered by the ACS. Specifically, the universe excludes children younger than age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and those living in college dormitories or military barracks.

## RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN ${ }^{6}$

Race and Hispanic origin are important for understanding the distribution of poverty in the United States

[^2]Figure 1.
U.S. Child Poverty Rate, 2001-2010 American Community Surveys


Notes: Annual sample sizes for the 2001-2004 American Community Surveys were approximately 810,000 to 858,000 households. Beginning in 2005 the U.S. Census Bureau increased the ACS sample to nearly 3 million addresses per year. In 2006 the ACS began to include persons living in group quarters.
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2001-2010 American Community Surveys.

Figure 2.

# Distribution of the U.S. Child Poverty Population by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010 



Notes: The terms "White," "Black," and "Asian" refer to persons who reported one particular race group and no other race. "SOR" refers to persons who reported Some Other Race alone and "TOMR" refers to persons who reported Two or More Races (i.e., White and Black or White and Black and Asian). Persons who report only one race among the six defined categories are referred to as the race-alone population while persons who report more than one race category are referred to as the Two or More Races population. This figure shows data using the race-alone approach. Use of the single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Hispanic children may be of any race. For more information see the 2010 Census Brief, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, at <www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/briefs/c2010br-02.pdf>.
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey.
among children. This report focuses on poverty and selected race groups in the United States in the 2010 ACS including White (68.2 percent), Black (14.4 percent), and Asian (4.4 percent) children, and children identified as Some Other Race (6.4 percent). ${ }^{7}$ In the 2010 decennial census, the vast majority of people reporting Some Other Race also reported Hispanic origin (Humes, Jones, and Ramirez, 2011). For this reason, poverty rates for children of Hispanic origin and children in the Some Other Race group are similar. Children reported as having Two or More Races ( 5.3 percent) and children of Hispanic origin regardless of race (23.1 percent) are

[^3]also discussed in this report. ${ }^{8}$ The 2010 ACS showed that more than one child in ten is part of the Some Other Race group or part of the Two or More Races population (Figure 2).

The poverty population had a different racial and ethnic composition than the total population of children. Some children made up a larger share of the poverty population than the size of their respective race or ethnic groups would have suggested. Black children had the highest poverty rate among the race groups in this report. These children represented 25.6 percent

[^4]of the population of children in poverty but only 14.4 percent of all children (Figure 2). Similarly, about one of every five children in the United States was of Hispanic origin. However, Hispanic children made up one of every three children who lived in poverty in the United States in 2010. White children were in poverty at a lower rate than the size of the White population would have predicted. However, in 2010, White children still made up the majority of children in poverty ( 53.6 percent).

In the 2010 ACS, the poverty rate for children identified as White was 17.0 percent ( 8.4 million) nationally. This rate was 1.3 percentage points greater than the 2009 ACS estimate. Additionally, the White population had the largest numeric increase among the race and ethnic groups with 507,000 children added to the poverty population over the same period. For children identified as

Figure 3.
Percentage of Children in the United States in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by Race and Hispanic Origin: 2009 and 2010


Notes: Persons who report only one race among the six defined categories are referred to as the race-alone population while persons who report more than one race category are referred to as the Two or More Races population. This figure shows data using the race-alone approach. Use of the single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Hispanic children may be of any race. For more information see 2010 Census Brief, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, at <www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/briefs/c2010br-02.pdf>.
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys.

Black the poverty rate was 38.2 percent ( 4.0 million), twice as high as the rate for White children and the highest poverty rate among the race and ethnic groups presented in this report (Figure 3). The Black child poverty rate increased by 1.9 percentage points or 259,000 children over the 2009 ACS.

The U.S. poverty rate for children identified as Asian was 13.0 percent in the 2010 ACS, the lowest rate among the race and ethnic groups presented in this report. The 2010 data show that 419,000 Asian children lived in poverty, an increase of 0.7 percentage points compared with the previous survey year.

For children identified as Some Other Race in the 2010 ACS, 35.7 percent ( 1.7 million) lived in poverty, a rate lower than the estimate
for Black children but higher than rates of the other race and ethnic groups in this report. This rate was a 2.9 percentage point increase over 2009, which was larger than the increase for Hispanic, White, or Asian children. The 2010 rate was also 3.4 percentage points higher than the rate for Hispanic children.

Children who reported Two or More Races had poverty rates roughly one-third lower than children who reported Some Other Race. In the 2010 ACS, the U.S. poverty rate for children in the Two or More Races population was 22.7 percent (900,000), an increase of 2.3 percentage points over the previous survey year and 5.7 percentage points higher than the 2010 rate observed for White children.

For Hispanic children, the U.S. poverty rate was 32.3 percent
( 5.5 million) in the 2010 ACS, an increase of 1.5 percentage points or 410,000 children over the 2009 survey. The poverty rate for Hispanic children was 15.3 percentage points higher than the rate for White children but 5.9 percentage points lower than the U.S. rate for Black children (Figure 3).

## STATE LEVEL CHILD POVERTY

The number and percentage of children in poverty increased in 27 states from the 2009 ACS to the 2010 ACS. ${ }^{9}$ The child poverty rate increased 2.0 percentage points or more in Nevada, New Mexico, and Utah. The child

[^5]
poverty rate also increased by 1.5 percentage points or more in Alabama, California, Georgia, and Louisiana, and increased by 1.0 percentage point or more in Florida, Nebraska, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin.

Figure 4 displays the variation in child poverty rates by state for the 2010 ACS. Tables presented at the end of this report show the number and the percentage of children in poverty for total children and for children by race group and Hispanic origin by state in the 2009 and 2010 ACS.

In the 2010 ACS, 24 states and the District of Columbia had child poverty rates estimated to be 20 percent or higher. Ten states plus the District of

Columbia had child poverty rates of 25 percent or higher (Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and West Virginia). ${ }^{10}$

About one of every three children in poverty ( 5.6 million) lived in one of the four most populous states each of which saw increases in the number and the percentage of children in poverty between 2009 and 2010. In 2010, the child poverty population included 901,000 in New York (21.2 percent), 924,000 in Florida (23.5 percent), 1.8 million in Texas
${ }^{10}$ Child poverty rates for these states and the District of Columbia are not statistically different from the rates in Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Michigan, North Carolina, Oklahoma, and Ohio.
(25.7 percent), and 2.0 million in California (22.0 percent). ${ }^{11}$

Among states with rates below the national average in the 2010 ACS, New Hampshire had the lowest child poverty rate at 10.0 percent. The 12 states with child poverty rates from 12.5 to 16.5 percent were Alaska, Connecticut, Hawaii, Iowa, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Jersey, North

[^6]Dakota, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming (Figure 4). ${ }^{12}$ At the higher end of the child poverty distribution, the rates for Alabama, Arkansas, and Louisiana were estimated at 27.3 percent to 27.7 percent. ${ }^{13}$ Mississippi, New Mexico, and the District of Columbia had child poverty rates of 30.0 percent to 32.5 percent in $2010 .{ }^{14}$

## RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN BY STATE

The percentage of White children in poverty increased in 25 states between the 2009 and 2010 ACS. Across all states and the District of Columbia, the child poverty rate for White children ranged from 6.4 percent to 26.9 percent in 2010. In eight states, the child poverty rate for White children was at or above 20.0 percent (Arizona, Arkansas, Kentucky, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, and West Virginia). ${ }^{15}$ Only in New Mexico did the rate exceed 25.0 percent. ${ }^{16}$ In contrast, five states and the District of Columbia had poverty rates lower than 10.0 percent for White children (Alaska, Connecticut, Maryland, New Hampshire, and New Jersey). ${ }^{17}$

Of the 36 states with sufficient data to measure poverty for Black
${ }^{12}$ Child poverty rates for these 12 states are not statistically different from the rates for Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Kansas, Maine, Nebraska, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, or Washington.
${ }^{13}$ Child poverty rates for these three states are not statistically different from rates for the District of Columbia, Kentucky, South Carolina, or West Virginia.
${ }^{14}$ Child poverty rates for these three states are not statistically different from those for Alabama, Arkansas, or Louisiana.
${ }^{15}$ Rates for White children in these states are not statistically different from those for Alabama, California, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada, or Oregon.
${ }^{16}$ The rate in New Mexico is not statistically different than the rate in West Virginia.
${ }^{17}$ Rates for White children in these states are not statistically different than those estimated for Hawaii, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, or Virginia in the 2010 ACS.
children in the 2010 ACS, 9 saw an increase in the poverty rate compared with the 2009 ACS (Alabama, California, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Nevada, New York, North Carolina, and Oregon). ${ }^{18}$ Across all states with sufficient data, the poverty rate for Black children ranged from 22.2 percent to 53.3 percent in 2010 as shown in Figure 5. Maryland had the lowest rate of child poverty for Black children, estimated at 22.2 percent. Among the states with the highest rates were Arkansas, Iowa, Kentucky, Louisiana, Michigan, Mississippi, Nebraska, Ohio, Oregon, and Wisconsin (47.0 percent to 53.3 percent). ${ }^{19}$

Across the 29 states with sufficient numbers of Asian children, the poverty rate ranged from 4.8 percent to 24.2 percent in the 2010 ACS. At the high end of the child poverty distribution were Indiana, Louisiana, Minnesota, New York, and Wisconsin with rates from 20.6 percent to 24.2 percent for Asian children. ${ }^{20}$

Across the 30 states with sufficient data for children reported as Some Other Race alone, poverty levels ranged from 15.9 percent to 53.1 percent in 2010 (Figure 5). The lowest rates were found in Maryland and Virginia (15.9 percent
${ }^{18}$ Sufficient data refers to the following: The detailed table (B17001A, B17001B, B17001D, B17001F, B17001G, or B170011) used to source the subject table for a particular state was not published because the table did not meet established criteria for reliability. The median coefficient of variation for estimates in the table exceeded 0.61 .
${ }^{19}$ Rates for Black children in these states are not statistically different from those for Alabama, the District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, or Tennessee.
${ }^{20}$ Rates for Asian children in these states are not statistically different from those for North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, or Tennessee.
to 17.8 percent). ${ }^{21}$ At the high end of the poverty distribution, 11 states (Georgia, Massachusetts, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, and Washington) had poverty rates of over 40.0 percent for children of Some Other Race in $2010 .{ }^{22}$ When compared with the 2009 ACS rates, the poverty rate for children in the Some Other Race group increased in six states.

Among the 41 states with sufficient data for Hispanic children, poverty rates ranged from 15.8 percent to 43.9 percent in 2010 (Figure 5). The poverty rate increased in eight states while the number of Hispanic children in poverty declined in one state, Arizona. Hawaii, Maryland, and Virginia were among the states with Hispanic child poverty rates below 20 percent. ${ }^{23}$ Georgia, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and Tennessee had Hispanic child poverty rates above 40.0 percent in $2010 .{ }^{24}$

[^7]Figure 5.
Range of State Child Poverty Rates by Selected Race Groups and Hispanic Origin: 2010


Notes: Persons who report only one race among the six defined categories are referred to as the race-alone population while persons who report more than one race category are referred to as the Two or More Races population. This figure shows data using the race-alone approach. Use of the single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Hispanic children may be of any race. For more information see the 2010 Census Brief, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, at <www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/briefs/c2010br-02.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey.

## SOURCE AND ACCURACY

Data presented in this report are based on people and households that responded to the ACS in 2009 and 2010 . The resulting estimates are representative of the entire population. All comparisons presented in this report have taken sampling error into account and are significant at the 90 percent confidence level unless otherwise noted. Due to rounding, some details may not sum to totals. For information on sampling and estimation methods, confidentiality protection, and sampling and nonsampling errors, please see the document "2010 ACS Accuracy of the Data" located at <www.census.gov /acs/www/Downloads/data _documentation/Accuracy /ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf>.

## HOW POVERTY IS MEASURED

Poverty status is determined by comparing annual income to a set of dollar values called thresholds that vary by family size, number of children, and age of householder. If a family's before tax money income is less than the dollar value of their threshold, then that family and every individual in it are considered to be in poverty. For people not living in families, poverty status is determined by comparing the individual's own income to his or her threshold.

The poverty thresholds are updated annually to allow for changes in the cost of living using the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U). They do not vary geographically. The ACS is a continuous survey and people respond throughout the year. Since income is reported for the previous 12 months, the appropriate poverty threshold for each family is determined by multiplying the base-year poverty threshold (1982) by the average of monthly CPI values for the 12 months preceding the survey month.

For more information see "How Poverty is Calculated in the ACS" at <www.census.gov/hhes/www/poverty/methods/definitions.html>.

## WHAT IS THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY?

The American Community Survey (ACS) is a nationwide survey designed to provide communities with reliable and timely demographic, social, economic, and housing data for the nation, states, congressional districts, counties, places, and other localities every year. It has an annual sample size of about 3 million addresses across the United States and Puerto Rico and includes both housing units and group quarters (e.g., nursing facilities and prisons). The ACS is conducted in every county throughout the nation, and every municipio in Puerto Rico, where it is called the Puerto Rico Community Survey. Beginning in 2006, ACS data for 2005 were released for geographic areas with populations of 65,000 and greater. For information on the ACS sample design and other topics, visit <www.census.gov/acs/www>.

## REFERENCES

Humes, Karen R., Nicholas A. Jones, and Robert R. Ramirez. 2011.
"Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin: 2010." 2010 Census Briefs. U.S. Department of Commerce. U.S. Census Bureau Report No. C2010BR-02 at <www.census.gov/prod/cen2010 /briefs/c2010br-02.pdf>.

Table 1.
Number and Percentage of Children in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

|  | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 14,656,962 | 130,803 | 20.0 | 0.2 | 15,749,129 | 127,734 | 21.6 | 0.2 | *1,092,167 | 182,826 | *1.6 | 0.2 |
| Alabama | 274,906 | 10,585 | 24.7 | 0.9 | 310,590 | 11,915 | 27.7 | 1.1 | *35,684 | 15,937 | *3.0 | 1.4 |
| Alaska | 23,119 | 3,276 | 12.8 | 1.8 | 23,773 | 2,891 | 12.9 | 1.6 | 654 | 4,370 | 0.1 | 2.4 |
| Arizona | 398,060 | 16,497 | 23.4 | 1.0 | 392,229 | 17,920 | 24.4 | 1.1 | -5,831 | 24,357 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Arkansas | 189,198 | 8,822 | 27.2 | 1.3 | 193,081 | 9,271 | 27.6 | 1.3 | 3,883 | 12,798 | 0.5 | 1.8 |
| California | 1,846,741 | 32,464 | 19.9 | 0.3 | 2,012,585 | 38,677 | 22.0 | 0.4 | *165,844 | 50,496 | *2.1 | 0.5 |
| Colorado | 210,498 | 11,877 | 17.4 | 1.0 | 210,532 | 11,691 | 17.4 | 1.0 | 34 | 16,665 |  | 1.4 |
| Connecticut | 96,893 | 7,930 | 12.1 | 1.0 | 103,498 | 7,645 | 12.8 | 0.9 | 6,605 | 11,015 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| Delaware | 33,508 | 5,291 | 16.5 | 2.6 | 36,655 | 4,296 | 18.1 | 2.1 | 3,147 | 6,815 | 1.6 | 3.3 |
| District of Columbia | 33,133 | 4,679 | 29.4 | 4.1 | 30,555 | 3,846 | 30.4 | 3.8 | -2,578 | 6,056 | 1.0 | 5.6 |
| Florida | 851,803 | 22,699 | 21.3 | 0.6 | 923,963 | 23,162 | 23.5 | 0.6 | *72,160 | 32,430 | *2.1 | 0.8 |
| Georgia | 568,324 | 19,649 | 22.3 | 0.8 | 610,722 | 16,624 | 24.8 | 0.7 | *42,398 | 25,738 | *2.5 | 1.0 |
| Hawaii | 39,241 | 4,357 | 13.8 | 1.5 | 41,230 | 5,148 | 13.9 | 1.7 | 1,989 | 6,744 | 0.1 | 2.3 |
| Idaho | 75,008 | 6,340 | 18.1 | 1.5 | 80,316 | 5,365 | 19.0 | 1.3 | 5,308 | 8,306 | 0.8 | 2.0 |
| Illinois. | 591,398 | 21,137 | 18.9 | 0.7 | 600,045 | 16,247 | 19.4 | 0.5 | 8,647 | 26,660 | 0.5 | 0.9 |
| Indiana | 311,031 | 12,827 | 20.0 | 0.8 | 342,172 | 13,322 | 21.7 | 0.8 | *31,141 | 18,493 | *1.8 | 1.2 |
| lowa. | 109,423 | 7,490 | 15.7 | 1.1 | 115,365 | 7,434 | 16.3 | 1.0 | 5,942 | 10,553 | 0.6 | 1.5 |
| Kansas. | 121,395 | 8,893 | 17.6 | 1.3 | 131,258 | 9,199 | 18.4 | 1.3 | 9,863 | 12,794 | 0.7 | 1.8 |
| Kentucky | 255,416 | 11,865 | 25.6 | 1.2 | 262,760 | 11,202 | 26.3 | 1.1 | 7,344 | 16,317 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| Louisiana | 268,036 | 12,039 | 24.2 | 1.1 | 299,779 | 11,779 | 27.3 | 1.0 | *31,743 | 16,843 | *3.1 | 1.5 |
| Maine. | 45,190 | 4,252 | 17.1 | 1.6 | 47,727 | 4,045 | 17.8 | 1.5 | 2,537 | 5,868 | 0.7 | 2.2 |
| Maryland | 154,049 | 10,106 | 11.6 | 0.8 | 173,113 | 11,051 | 13.0 | 0.8 | *19,064 | 14,975 | *1.4 | 1.1 |
| Massachusetts. | 185,613 | 9,753 | 13.1 | 0.7 | 200,817 | 9,991 | 14.3 | 0.7 | *15,204 | 13,962 | *1.2 | 1.0 |
| Michigan | 519,828 | 15,808 | 22.5 | 0.7 | 538,649 | 15,018 | 23.5 | 0.7 | 18,821 | 21,805 | *1.0 | 0.9 |
| Minnesota | 173,980 | 8,781 | 14.1 | 0.7 | 192,437 | 8,840 | 15.2 | 0.7 | *18,457 | 12,460 | *1.1 | 1.0 |
| Mississippi | 232,628 | 9,582 | 31.0 | 1.3 | 241,595 | 11,229 | 32.5 | 1.5 | 8,967 | 14,762 | 1.5 | 2.0 |
| Missouri | 290,959 | 13,086 | 20.7 | 0.9 | 290,959 | 11,714 | 20.9 | 0.8 |  | 17,563 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| Montana | 46,398 | 5,008 | 21.4 | 2.3 | 43,818 | 4,552 | 20.1 | 2.1 | -2,580 | 6,767 | -1.4 | 3.1 |
| Nebraska | 66,349 | 5,132 | 15.2 | 1.2 | 81,952 | 6,652 | 18.2 | 1.5 | *15,603 | 8,401 | *2.9 | 1.9 |
| Nevada | 117,809 | 10,346 | 17.6 | 1.6 | 144,204 | 10,517 | 22.0 | 1.6 | *26,395 | 14,753 | *4.4 | 2.2 |
| New Hampshire | 30,602 | 4,469 | 10.8 | 1.6 | 28,315 | 4,113 | 10.0 | 1.5 | -2,287 | 6,074 | -0.7 | 2.1 |
| New Jersey | 272,697 | 13,532 | 13.5 | 0.7 | 295,346 | 13,269 | 14.5 | 0.7 | *22,649 | 18,952 | *1.0 | 0.9 |
| New Mexico | 128,111 | 10,218 | 25.3 | 2.0 | 153,558 | 9,639 | 30.0 | 1.9 | *25,447 | 14,046 | *4.7 | 2.7 |
| New York | 868,354 | 20,575 | 20.0 | 0.5 | 900,626 | 21,269 | 21.2 | 0.5 | *32,272 | 29,592 | *1.3 | 0.7 |
| North Carolina | 504,937 | 15,061 | 22.5 | 0.7 | 559,875 | 17,148 | 24.9 | 0.7 | *54,938 | 22,823 | *2.3 | 1.0 |
| North Dakota | 18,148 | 2,320 | 13.0 | 1.7 | 24,116 | 3,011 | 16.2 | 2.0 | *5,968 | 3,801 | *3.2 | 2.6 |
| Ohio. | 584,310 | 17,142 | 21.9 | 0.6 | 623,852 | 15,776 | 23.3 | 0.6 | *39,542 | 23,297 | *1.5 | 0.9 |
| Oklahoma | 200,623 | 10,223 | 22.2 | 1.1 | 226,679 | 9,946 | 24.7 | 1.1 | *26,056 | 14,263 | *2.5 | 1.6 |
| Oregon. | 164,326 | 9,482 | 19.2 | 1.1 | 183,859 | 7,972 | 21.6 | 0.9 | *19,533 | 12,388 | *2.4 | 1.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 466,638 | 14,776 | 17.1 | 0.5 | 522,189 | 16,344 | 19.1 | 0.6 | *55,551 | 22,033 | *1.9 | 0.8 |
| Rhode Island | 37,731 | 4,006 | 16.9 | 1.8 | 42,221 | 4,780 | 19.0 | 2.2 | 4,490 | 6,237 | 2.2 | 2.8 |
| South Carolina. | 259,429 | 10,781 | 24.4 | 1.0 | 277,722 | 12,751 | 26.1 | 1.2 | *18,293 | 16,698 | *1.6 | 1.6 |
| South Dakota | 35,497 | 4,146 | 18.5 | 2.2 | 35,960 | 4,013 | 18.2 | 2.0 | 463 | 5,770 | -0.4 | 3.0 |
| Tennessee | 349,851 | 13,773 | 23.9 | 0.9 | 377,066 | 15,351 | 25.7 | 1.0 | *27,215 | 20,624 | *1.8 | 1.4 |
| Texas | 1,661,402 | 31,782 | 24.4 | 0.5 | 1,751,189 | 30,426 | 25.7 | 0.4 | *89,787 | 43,998 | *1.3 | 0.6 |
| Utah | 105,000 | 8,522 | 12.2 | 1.0 | 135,565 | 8,335 | 15.7 | 1.0 | *30,565 | 11,921 | *3.5 | 1.4 |
| Vermont | 16,495 | 2,321 | 13.3 | 1.9 | 21,143 | 2,715 | 16.7 | 2.1 | *4,648 | 3,572 | *3.4 | 2.8 |
| Virginia. | 253,068 | 14,341 | 13.9 | 0.8 | 264,601 | 11,351 | 14.5 | 0.6 | *11,533 | 18,290 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Washington | 250,830 | 13,239 | 16.2 | 0.9 | 284,045 | 13,334 | 18.2 | 0.9 | *33,215 | 18,790 | *2.0 | 1.2 |
| West Virginia | 88,610 | 5,367 | 23.6 | 1.4 | 95,744 | 6,755 | 25.5 | 1.8 | 7,134 | 8,627 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Wisconsin | 214,404 | 10,026 | 16.7 | 0.8 | 249,826 | 10,319 | 19.1 | 0.8 | *35,422 | 14,388 | *2.4 | 1.1 |
| Wyoming | 15,965 | 3,122 | 12.6 | 2.4 | 19,253 | 3,483 | 14.3 | 2.6 | 3,288 | 4,677 | 1.7 | 3.5 |
| Puerto Rico . . | 542,896 | 9,837 | 57.1 | 1.0 | 500,434 | 10,145 | 56.3 | 1.2 | -42,462 | 14,131 | *-0.7 | 1.5 |

[^8]- Represents or rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

Table 2.
Percentage of Children 0 to 17 Years in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by Selected Race Groups and Hispanic Origin, by State and Puerto Rico: 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see
www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | All races |  | Selected race groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Hispanic origin (any race) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | White alone |  | Black alone |  | Asian alone |  | Some Other Race alone |  | Two or More Races |  |  |  |
|  | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 21.6 | 0.2 | 17.0 | 0.2 | 38.2 | 0.5 | 13.0 | 0.4 | 35.7 | 0.6 | 22.7 | 0.5 | 32.3 | 0.3 |
| Alabama | 27.7 | 1.1 | 18.7 | 1.3 | 45.8 | 2.2 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 38.2 | 4.6 |
| Alaska | 12.9 | 1.6 | 8.3 | 2.0 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Arizona | 24.4 | 1.1 | 22.5 | 1.2 | 31.5 | 5.1 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 33.2 | 4.4 | 16.3 | 3.1 | 32.7 | 1.8 |
| Arkansas | 27.6 | 1.3 | 21.4 | 1.4 | 47.4 | 3.4 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 38.5 | 5.4 |
| California | 22.0 | 0.4 | 19.9 | 0.5 | 32.2 | 1.8 | 12.4 | 0.8 | 33.9 | 1.3 | 15.8 | 1.4 | 30.2 | 0.7 |
| Colorado | 17.4 | 1.0 | 14.3 | 1.0 | 39.0 | 4.9 | 9.0 | 3.6 | 35.3 | 4.3 | 17.5 | 3.3 | 30.8 | 2.0 |
| Connecticut | 12.8 | 0.9 | 8.1 | 0.8 | 29.4 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 36.5 | 5.6 | 15.7 | 3.7 | 28.4 | 3.0 |
| Delaware | 18.1 | 2.1 | 12.5 | 2.4 | 32.8 | 6.3 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 25.7 | 8.8 |
| District of Columbia | 30.4 | 3.8 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 41.6 | 5.4 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Florida | 23.5 | 0.6 | 18.4 | 0.6 | 38.6 | 1.7 | 14.1 | 2.5 | 36.3 | 4.3 | 22.9 | 2.7 | 28.3 | 1.4 |
| Georgia | 24.8 | 0.7 | 16.2 | 0.9 | 36.1 | 1.3 | 12.5 | 3.8 | 53.1 | 5.5 | 23.0 | 3.6 | 40.6 | 2.6 |
| Hawaii | 13.9 | 1.7 | 11.6 | 3.4 | (NA) | (NA) | 6.7 | 2.8 | (NA) | (NA) | 16.3 | 2.5 | 19.4 | 5.0 |
| Idaho | 19.0 | 1.3 | 16.9 | 1.4 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 33.1 | 5.1 |
| Illinois. | 19.4 | 0.5 | 12.8 | 0.6 | 41.6 | 1.7 | 11.8 | 2.5 | 29.4 | 2.8 | 20.0 | 2.3 | 26.0 | 1.6 |
| Indiana. | 21.7 | 0.8 | 17.9 | 0.9 | 41.8 | 3.7 | 24.2 | 5.6 | 35.1 | 6.3 | 31.4 | 3.9 | 34.7 | 3.0 |
| Iowa | 16.3 | 1.0 | 13.1 | 0.9 | 51.4 | 7.7 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 33.4 | 5.4 |
| Kansas. | 18.4 | 1.3 | 14.8 | 1.3 | 37.5 | 6.2 | 13.5 | 6.0 | 37.0 | 12.6 | 32.0 | 5.0 | 31.9 | 3.9 |
| Kentucky | 26.3 | 1.1 | 23.3 | 1.1 | 47.3 | 4.2 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 39.7 | 6.1 | 39.2 | 5.1 |
| Louisiana | 27.3 | 1.0 | 14.0 | 1.0 | 47.0 | 2.4 | 22.5 | 6.6 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 26.0 | 3.9 |
| Maine | 17.8 | 1.5 | 16.4 | 1.6 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maryland | 13.0 | 0.8 | 7.4 | 0.8 | 22.2 | 2.0 | 8.8 | 2.8 | 15.9 | 4.6 | 14.0 | 4.0 | 15.8 | 2.6 |
| Massachusetts. | 14.3 | 0.7 | 10.4 | 0.7 | 32.4 | 3.6 | 9.8 | 2.4 | 40.1 | 5.3 | 23.0 | 2.8 | 38.7 | 2.7 |
| Michigan | 23.5 | 0.7 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 48.1 | 2.1 | 11.8 | 2.8 | 32.0 | 6.0 | 30.4 | 3.1 | 35.8 | 2.9 |
| Minnesota | 15.2 | 0.7 | 10.0 | 0.6 | 45.9 | 4.3 | 23.7 | 4.7 | 24.2 | 7.2 | 26.7 | 4.6 | 29.3 | 3.4 |
| Mississippi | 32.5 | 1.5 | 18.6 | 2.1 | 48.6 | 2.1 | (NA) | (NA) | 26.2 | 13.0 | (NA) | (NA) | 34.7 | 7.7 |
| Missouri | 20.9 | 0.8 | 16.8 | 0.8 | 40.9 | 2.9 | 9.6 | 4.2 | (NA) | (NA) | 26.8 | 4.3 | 31.3 | 4.6 |
| Montana. | 20.1 | 2.1 | 17.7 | 2.0 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nebraska | 18.2 | 1.5 | 14.5 | 1.5 | 52.2 | 8.6 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 33.8 | 5.0 |
| Nevada | 22.0 | 1.6 | 19.2 | 1.7 | 41.3 | 7.6 | 12.8 | 5.4 | (NA) | (NA) | 18.5 | 4.0 | 30.7 | 2.8 |
| New Hampshire | 10.0 | 1.5 | 9.2 | 1.4 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New Jersey | 14.5 | 0.7 | 9.8 | 0.6 | 27.8 | 2.1 | 6.7 | 1.6 | 34.0 | 3.9 | 18.7 | 3.5 | 26.6 | 2.0 |
| New Mexico | 30.0 | 1.9 | 26.9 | 2.2 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 39.2 | 6.1 | (NA) | (NA) | 35.4 | 2.8 |
| New York | 21.2 | 0.5 | 14.8 | 0.6 | 33.3 | 1.5 | 20.6 | 1.7 | 36.3 | 1.9 | 26.0 | 2.8 | 33.9 | 1.3 |
| North Carolina . | 24.9 | 0.7 | 17.1 | 0.8 | 40.2 | 1.8 | 16.0 | 3.4 | 47.3 | 2.6 | 27.1 | 3.3 | 42.6 | 2.9 |
| North Dakota | 16.2 | 2.0 | 12.1 | 2.1 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Ohio. | 23.3 | 0.6 | 18.1 | 0.7 | 47.6 | 2.0 | 13.5 | 3.4 | 43.2 | 6.6 | 32.3 | 3.2 | 37.7 | 3.1 |
| Oklahoma | 24.7 | 1.1 | 20.1 | 1.3 | 43.5 | 5.0 | 15.9 | 6.2 | 39.9 | 6.5 | 26.8 | 3.4 | 37.3 | 3.2 |
| Oregon. | 21.6 | 0.9 | 19.0 | 1.1 | 49.3 | 8.9 | 15.9 | 5.2 | 41.0 | 6.9 | 21.1 | 3.7 | 35.7 | 3.1 |
| Pennsylvania | 19.1 | 0.6 | 14.1 | 0.6 | 37.6 | 2.3 | 13.9 | 2.8 | 48.9 | 4.8 | 32.9 | 3.1 | 41.6 | 2.5 |
| Rhode Island | 19.0 | 2.2 | 11.9 | 2.1 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 47.0 | 8.9 | (NA) | (NA) | 36.8 | 6.3 |
| South Carolina. | 26.1 | 1.2 | 16.6 | 1.2 | 41.7 | 2.8 | (NA) | (NA) | 47.8 | 9.9 | 30.7 | 5.6 | 43.9 | 4.3 |
| South Dakota. | 18.2 | 2.0 | 10.7 | 1.9 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tennessee | 25.7 | 1.0 | 20.8 | 1.1 | 40.3 | 2.6 | 15.4 | 6.4 | 47.2 | 9.2 | 32.9 | 5.5 | 42.3 | 4.1 |
| Texas | 25.7 | 0.4 | 23.8 | 0.5 | 33.5 | 1.5 | 11.9 | 1.7 | 37.4 | 1.9 | 22.0 | 2.0 | 35.6 | 0.8 |
| Utah. | 15.7 | 1.0 | 13.5 | 1.0 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 40.1 | 6.9 | (NA) | (NA) | 34.4 | 3.5 |
| Vermont | 16.7 | 2.1 | 16.2 | 2.1 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 27.2 | 22.9 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Virginia. | 14.5 | 0.6 | 10.5 | 0.7 | 27.6 | 1.7 | 8.6 | 2.1 | (NA) | (NA) | 12.9 | 2.5 | 18.2 | 2.3 |
| Washington | 18.2 | 0.9 | 15.4 | 0.9 | 36.9 | 5.3 | 10.7 | 2.1 | 41.7 | 5.4 | 18.1 | 3.0 | 36.6 | 2.8 |
| West Virginia | 25.5 | 1.8 | 24.2 | 1.8 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wisconsin | 19.1 | 0.8 | 13.8 | 0.8 | 53.3 | 4.1 | 22.5 | 6.4 | 35.9 | 7.6 | 30.9 | 3.8 | 34.7 | 3.2 |
| Wyoming | 14.3 | 2.6 | 12.9 | 2.9 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Puerto Rico | 56.3 | 1.2 | 54.5 | 1.4 | 63.1 | 4.0 | (NA) | (NA) | 60.6 | 3.8 | 57.7 | 3.6 | 56.3 | 1.1 |

[^9]Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey, 2010 Puerto Rico Community Survey.

Table 3.
Number and Percentage of White Alone Children in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see
www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 7,940,734 | 82,050 | 15.7 | 0.2 | 8,447,376 | 82,918 | 17.0 | 0.2 | *506,642 | 43,108 | *1.3 | 0.2 |
| Alabama | 113,280 | 6,127 | 15.8 | 0.8 | 132,136 | 9,306 | 18.7 | 1.3 | *18,856 | 4,118 | *2.9 | 1.6 |
| Alaska | 10,843 | 2,095 | 10.0 | 1.9 | 8,761 | 2,028 | 8.3 | 2.0 | -2,082 | 1,077 | -1.7 | 2.8 |
| Arizona | 265,955 | 15,201 | 21.3 | 1.2 | 264,716 | 15,071 | 22.5 | 1.2 | -1,239 | 7,910 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Arkansas | 101,781 | 6,830 | 20.3 | 1.3 | 107,371 | 7,226 | 21.4 | 1.4 | 5,590 | 3,674 | 1.2 | 2.0 |
| California | 978,194 | 28,239 | 18.2 | 0.5 | 1,053,054 | 26,104 | 19.9 | 0.5 | *74,860 | 14,211 | *1.8 | 0.7 |
| Colorado | 145,606 | 10,366 | 15.3 | 1.0 | 134,391 | 9,759 | 14.3 | 1.0 | -11,215 | 5,261 | -0.9 | 1.4 |
| Connecticut | 42,468 | 5,772 | 7.3 | 1.0 | 46,960 | 4,660 | 8.1 | 0.8 | 4,492 | 2,741 | 0.8 | 1.3 |
| Delaware | 17,374 | 3,442 | 13.1 | 2.6 | 15,473 | 3,062 | 12.5 | 2.4 | -1,901 | 1,702 | -0.6 | 3.5 |
| District of Columbia | 1,417 | 822 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 1,581 | 1,041 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 164 | 490 | 1.7 | 4.8 |
| Florida | 452,792 | 16,817 | 16.4 | 0.6 | 492,687 | 16,673 | 18.4 | 0.6 | *39,895 | 8,751 | *2.0 | 0.9 |
| Georgia | 209,499 | 14,072 | 14.6 | 1.0 | 215,166 | 12,237 | 16.2 | 0.9 | 5,667 | 6,891 | *1.6 | 1.3 |
| Hawaii | 7,194 | 2,402 | 11.9 | 4.0 | 5,183 | 1,497 | 11.4 | 3.4 | -2,101 | 1,046 | -0.3 | 5.3 |
| Idaho | 65,245 | 6,265 | 17.7 | 1.7 | 64,129 | 5,512 | 16.9 | 1.4 | -1,232 | 3,078 | -0.8 | 2.2 |
| Illinois. | 265,997 | 14,059 | 12.9 | 0.7 | 259,296 | 12,442 | 12.8 | 0.6 | -6,701 | 6,938 | -0.1 | 0.9 |
| Indiana. | 194,726 | 9,805 | 15.4 | 0.8 | 225,293 | 11,704 | 17.9 | 0.9 | *30,567 | 5,642 | *2.5 | 1.2 |
| lowa. | 85,821 | 6,813 | 14.0 | 1.1 | 80,827 | 5,816 | 13.1 | 0.9 | -4,994 | 3,310 | -0.9 | 1.4 |
| Kansas. | 82,746 | 7,904 | 14.7 | 1.4 | 84,446 | 7,563 | 14.8 | 1.3 | 1,700 | 4,043 | 0.1 | 1.9 |
| Kentucky | 195,654 | 10,462 | 23.1 | 1.2 | 196,156 | 9,406 | 23.3 | 1.1 | 502 | 5,199 | 0.2 | 1.7 |
| Louisiana | 76,590 | 7,000 | 12.2 | 1.1 | 84,606 | 6,334 | 14.0 | 1.0 | 8,016 | 3,489 | *1.7 | 1.5 |
| Maine. | 37,120 | 3,879 | 15.4 | 1.6 | 40,247 | 3,816 | 16.4 | 1.6 | 3,127 | 2,011 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| Maryland | 51,229 | 5,464 | 7.1 | 0.8 | 51,461 | 5,371 | 7.4 | 0.8 | 232 | 2,831 | 0.3 | 1.1 |
| Massachusetts. | 99,043 | 8,604 | 9.2 | 0.8 | 110,023 | 7,978 | 10.4 | 0.7 | 10,980 | 4,336 | *1.2 | 1.1 |
| Michigan | 282,916 | 12,194 | 16.4 | 0.7 | 295,507 | 11,641 | 17.6 | 0.7 | 12,591 | 6,230 | *1.2 | 1.0 |
| Minnesota | 99,408 | 6,651 | 9.9 | 0.7 | 99,382 | 6,504 | 10.0 | 0.6 | -26 | 3,438 | 0.1 | 0.9 |
| Mississippi | 67,700 | 6,593 | 17.2 | 1.6 | 71,273 | 7,859 | 18.6 | 2.1 | 3,573 | 3,791 | 1.4 | 2.6 |
| Missouri . | 187,277 | 10,131 | 16.9 | 0.9 | 182,858 | 8,923 | 16.8 | 0.8 | -4,419 | 4,989 | -0.1 | 1.2 |
| Montana. | 31,352 | 4,285 | 17.5 | 2.4 | 32,505 | 3,768 | 17.7 | 2.0 | 1,153 | 2,109 | 0.2 | 3.1 |
| Nebraska | 40,637 | 4,011 | 11.2 | 1.1 | 54,948 | 5,706 | 14.5 | 1.5 | *14,311 | 2,577 | *3.3 | 1.8 |
| Nevada | 80,121 | 8,458 | 16.5 | 1.8 | 84,403 | 7,613 | 19.2 | 1.7 | 4,282 | 4,205 | *2.7 | 2.4 |
| New Hampshire. | 23,984 | 4,159 | 9.3 | 1.6 | 23,582 | 3,699 | 9.2 | 1.4 | -402 | 2,057 | -0.1 | 2.1 |
| New Jersey | 128,766 | 10,095 | 9.7 | 0.7 | 127,822 | 8,620 | 9.8 | 0.6 | -944 | 4,906 | 0.1 | 1.0 |
| New Mexico | 75,603 | 6,912 | 22.2 | 2.0 | 93,354 | 7,860 | 26.9 | 2.2 | *17,751 | 3,868 | *4.7 | 3.0 |
| New York | 362,559 | 15,939 | 13.6 | 0.6 | 380,479 | 15,593 | 14.8 | 0.6 | 17,920 | 8,240 | *1.2 | 0.8 |
| North Carolina | 214,487 | 11,036 | 15.0 | 0.7 | 241,014 | 12,464 | 17.1 | 0.8 | *26,527 | 6,152 | *2.1 | 1.1 |
| North Dakota | 10,345 | 2,038 | 8.8 | 1.7 | 14,948 | 2,555 | 12.1 | 2.1 | *4,603 | 1,208 | *3.3 | 2.7 |
| Ohio | 356,215 | 15,980 | 16.8 | 0.7 | 373,606 | 14,417 | 18.1 | 0.7 | 17,391 | 7,954 | *1.2 | 1.0 |
| Oklahoma | 107,813 | 6,976 | 17.6 | 1.1 | 116,751 | 7,583 | 20.1 | 1.3 | 8,938 | 3,808 | *2.4 | 1.7 |
| Oregon. | 117,871 | 7,768 | 17.4 | 1.1 | 126,892 | 7,659 | 19.0 | 1.1 | 9,021 | 4,031 | *1.6 | 1.6 |
| Pennsylvania | 258,550 | 12,326 | 12.3 | 0.6 | 294,233 | 13,257 | 14.1 | 0.6 | *35,683 | 6,690 | 1.8 | 0.8 |
| Rhode Island | 19,453 | 3,106 | 11.8 | 1.9 | 19,207 | 3,430 | 11.9 | 2.1 | -246 | 1,710 | 0.1 | 2.8 |
| South Carolina. | 95,138 | 7,551 | 14.6 | 1.1 | 106,241 | 7,542 | 16.6 | 1.2 | *11,103 | 3,944 | *2.0 | 1.6 |
| South Dakota. | 17,050 | 3,269 | 11.4 | 2.1 | 16,534 | 2,972 | 10.7 | 1.9 | -516 | 1,633 | -0.7 | 2.9 |
| Tennesse | 198,191 | 10,287 | 18.4 | 0.9 | 219,474 | 12,161 | 20.7 | 1.1 | *21,283 | 5,886 | *2.3 | 1.5 |
| Texas | 1,079,651 | 29,558 | 22.4 | 0.6 | 1,144,142 | 23,051 | 23.8 | 0.5 | *64,491 | 13,852 | *1.4 | 0.8 |
| Utah. | 80,076 | 7,743 | 10.8 | 1.0 | 100,453 | 8,011 | 13.5 | 1.0 | *20,377 | 4,117 | *2.7 | 1.5 |
| Vermont | 14,038 | 2,211 | 12.2 | 1.9 | 18,912 | 2,490 | 16.2 | 2.1 | *4,874 | 1,230 | *4.0 | 2.9 |
| Virginia. | 111,818 | 8,606 | 9.5 | 0.7 | 120,900 | 8,548 | 10.5 | 0.7 | 9,082 | 4,482 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Washington | 156,104 | 10,700 | 13.8 | 0.9 | 171,027 | 9,825 | 15.4 | 0.9 | *14,923 | 5,368 | *1.6 | 1.3 |
| West Virginia | 78,005 | 4,800 | 22.5 | 1.4 | 82,952 | 6,281 | 24.2 | 1.8 | 4,947 | 2,921 | 1.6 | 2.3 |
| Wisconsin | 132,279 | 8,651 | 12.5 | 0.8 | 144,996 | 8,915 | 13.8 | 0.8 | *12,717 | 4,591 | *1.3 | 1.2 |
| Wyoming | 12,753 | 2,641 | 11.5 | 2.4 | 15,018 | 3,458 | 12.9 | 2.9 | 2,265 | 1,608 | 1.4 | 3.8 |
| Puerto Rico | 370,957 | 10,294 | 54.8 | 1.3 | 318,687 | 8,548 | 54.5 | 1.4 | *-52,270 | 8,134 | -0.3 | 1.9 |

[^10]Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

Table 4.
Number and Percentage of Black Alone Children in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $\pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 3,766,287 | 51,860 | 36.3 | 0.5 | 4,025,289 | 59,779 | 38.2 | 0.5 | *259,002 | 29,246 | *1.9 | 0.7 |
| Alabama | 141,599 | 7,72 | . 3 | 2.2 | 157,651 | 8,007 | 45.8 | 2.2 | *16,052 | 4,110 | *3.5 | 3.2 |
| Alaska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Arizona | 23,953 | 5,011 | 30.5 | 5.3 | 24,357 | 4,130 | 31.5 | 5.1 | 404 | 2,400 | 1.0 | 7.4 |
| Arkansas | 63,703 | 5,266 | 49.0 | 3.9 | 65,439 | 4,640 | 47.4 | 3.4 | 1,736 | 2,594 | -1.6 | 5.1 |
| California | 165,641 | 12,305 | 29.4 | 2.0 | 173,026 | 10,320 | 32.2 | 1.8 | 7,385 | 5,935 | *2.8 | 2.7 |
| Colorado | 19,481 | 3,534 | 36.0 | 5.7 | 20,819 | 3,056 | 39.0 | 4.9 | 1,338 | 1,726 | 3.0 | 7.5 |
| Connecticut | 22,730 | 3,759 | 25.5 | 4.1 | 28,075 | 4,756 | 29.4 | 4.9 | 5,345 | 2,240 | 4.0 | 6.4 |
| Delaware | 12,769 | 3,380 | 26.1 | 6.6 | 17,722 | 3,532 | 32.8 | 6.3 | *4,953 | 1,807 | 6.7 | 9.1 |
| District of Columbia | 30,400 | 4,312 | 42.8 | 6.0 | 27,610 | 3,586 | 41.6 | 5.4 | -2,790 | 2,072 | -1.2 | 8.0 |
| Florida | 311,256 | 17,171 | 38.0 | 1.9 | 324,348 | 14,850 | 38.6 | 1.7 | 13,092 | 8,389 | 0.6 | 2.6 |
| Georgia | 273,914 | 12,979 | 33.1 | 1.5 | 305,250 | 11,437 | 36.1 | 1.3 | *31,336 | 6,393 | *2.9 | . 0 |
| Hawaii | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Idaho | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Illinois. | 207,077 | 9,644 | 40.1 | 1.8 | 215,620 | 9,187 | 41.6 | 1.7 | 8,543 | 4,922 | 1.5 | 2.5 |
| Indiana | 75,192 | 5,880 | 45.3 | 3.1 | 71,905 | 6,800 | 41.8 | 3.7 | 3,287 | 3,322 | -3.5 | 4.9 |
| lowa. | 8,781 | 2,155 | 41.1 | 8.6 | 16,899 | 2,919 | 51.4 | 7.7 | *8,118 | 1,341 | 10.3 | 11.5 |
| Kansas. | 16,749 | 2,967 | 40.4 | 6.8 | 17,495 | 3,111 | 37.5 | 6.2 | 746 | 1,589 | -2.9 | 9.2 |
| Kentucky | 38,027 | 4,359 | 44.1 | 4.2 | 42,992 | 4,175 | 47.3 | 4.2 | 4,965 | 2,230 | 3.2 | 6.0 |
| Louisiana | 174,593 | 9,641 | 42.2 | 2.3 | 196,877 | 10,596 | 47.0 | 2.4 | *22,284 | 5,294 | *4.9 | 3.3 |
| Maine | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maryland | 80,878 | 7,836 | 19.4 | 1.9 | 95,606 | 8,700 | 22.2 | 2.0 | *14,728 | 4,327 | *2.8 | 2.7 |
| Massachusetts. | 32,059 | 5,160 | 28.2 | 4.2 | 39,008 | 4,424 | 32.4 | 3.6 | *6,949 | 2,512 | 4.2 | 5.6 |
| Michigan | 176,793 | 8,928 | 46.7 | 2.2 | 181,403 | 8,149 | 48.1 | 2.1 | 4,610 | 4,467 | 1.4 | 3.1 |
| Minnesota | 34,765 | 4,081 | 46.6 | 4.5 | 43,031 | 4,300 | 45.9 | 4.3 | *8,266 | 2,191 | -0.7 | 6.2 |
| Mississippi | 157,875 | 7,272 | 48.3 | 2.1 | 159,445 | 7,536 | 48.6 | 2.1 | 1,520 | 3,870 | 0.3 | 3.0 |
| Missour | 75,728 | 5,854 | 40.4 | 2.9 | 81,317 | 6,110 | 40.9 | 2.9 | 5,589 | 3,127 | 0.5 | 4.1 |
| Montana | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nebrask | 11,386 | 2,461 | 48.4 | 9.1 | 12,840 | 2,914 | 52.2 | 8.6 | 1,454 | 1,409 | 3.8 | 12.5 |
| Nevada | 17,635 | 4,017 | 30.5 | 6.5 | 24,444 | 4,812 | 41.3 | 7.6 | *6,809 | 2,316 | *10.8 | 10.0 |
| New Hampshire | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New Jersey | 81,114 | 6,327 | 26.1 | 2.0 | 84,344 | 6,352 | 27.8 | 2.1 | 3,230 | 3,313 | 1.7 | 2.9 |
| New Mexico | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New York | 241,446 | 11,771 | 30.9 | 1.4 | 245,049 | 11,643 | 33.3 | 1.5 | 3,603 | 6,118 | *2.4 | 2.0 |
| North Carolina | 189,564 | 10,150 | 36.6 | 1.8 | 216,421 | 10,531 | 40.2 | 1.8 | *26,857 | 5,405 | *3.6 | 2.6 |
| North Dako | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Ohio | 175,074 | 8,479 | 46.8 | 2.2 | 186,195 | 8,731 | 47.6 | 2.0 | 11,121 | 4,497 | 0.8 | 3.0 |
| Oklahoma | 30,343 | 4,708 | 40.4 | 5.3 | 32,362 | 4,092 | 43.5 | 5.0 | 2,019 | 2,305 | 3.2 | 7.3 |
| Oregon. | 5,884 | 1,830 | 30.6 | 9.8 | 9,773 | 2,018 | 49.3 | 8.9 | *3,889 | 1,007 | *18.7 | 13.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 135,384 | 8,825 | 37.4 | 2.3 | 139,498 | 9,647 | 37.6 | 2.3 | 4,114 | 4,832 | 0.2 | 3.3 |
| Rhode Island | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| South Carolina. | 138,624 | 8,680 | 41.4 | 2.5 | 146,215 | 9,799 | 41.7 | 2.8 | 7,591 | 4,838 | 0.3 | 3.7 |
| South Dakota. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tennessee | 123,015 | 8,359 | 42.4 | 2.8 | 119,841 | 8,030 | 40.3 | 2.6 | 3,174 | 4,284 | 2.1 | 3.8 |
| Texas | 254,056 | 11,638 | 31.9 | 1.4 | 279,857 | 12,916 | 33.5 | 1.5 | *25,801 | 6,425 | 1.6 | 2.0 |
| Utah | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Vermont | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Virginia. | 108,953 | 8,009 | 27.7 | 2.0 | 108,608 | 6,951 | 27.6 | 1.7 | -345 | 3,919 | -0.1 | 2.7 |
| Washington | 21,323 | 3,828 | 33.8 | 5.4 | 24,030 | 3,910 | 36.9 | 5.3 | 2,707 | 2,022 | 3.1 | 7.6 |
| West Virginia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wisconsin | 51,244 | 4,806 | 47.6 | 4.5 | 59,477 | 5,510 | 53.3 | 4.1 | *8,233 | 2,702 | 5.7 | 6.1 |
| Wyoming | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Puerto Rico | 38,706 | 4,714 | 64.9 | 4.1 | 38,121 | 3,793 | 63.1 | 4.0 | -585 | 3,678 | -1.8 | 5.7 |

* Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.
(NA) Not available. Data cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks
${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

Table 5
Number and Percentage of Asian Alone Children in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 380,324 | 14,335 | 12.4 | 0.4 | 418,564 | 12,571 | 13.0 | 0.4 | *38,240 | 7,046 | *0.7 | 0.6 |
| Alabama | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Alaska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Arizona | 4,186 | 1,678 | 11.2 | 4.4 | 4,564 | 1,914 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 378 | 941 | 1.5 | 6.7 |
| Arkansas | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| California | 111,227 | 7,245 | 11.7 | 0.7 | 124,387 | 8,463 | 12.4 | 0.8 | *13,160 | 4,117 | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| Colorado | 2,104 | 1,000 | 7.1 | 3.3 | 2,697 | 1,128 | 9.0 | 3.6 | 593 | 557 | 1.9 | 4.9 |
| Connecticut | 1,902 | 1,231 | 6.2 | 4.0 | 1,580 | 738 | 4.8 | 2.2 | -322 | 531 | -1.5 | 4.6 |
| Delaware | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| District of Columbia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Florida | 12,349 | 2,845 | 12.3 | 2.7 | 13,537 | 2,493 | 14.1 | 2.5 | 1,188 | 1,398 | 1.8 | 3.7 |
| Georgia | 10,503 | 2,140 | 14.2 | 2.9 | 9,644 | 2,901 | 12.5 | 3.8 | -859 | 1,332 | -1.7 | 4.8 |
| Hawaii | 4,420 | 1,419 | 6.6 | 2.1 | 5,271 | 2,328 | 6.7 | 2.8 | 851 | 1,007 | 0.1 | 3.5 |
| Idaho | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Illinois. | 13,915 | 3,204 | 10.5 | 2.4 | 15,159 | 3,146 | 11.8 | 2.5 | 1,244 | 1,659 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
| Indiana. | 3,388 | 1,217 | 15.0 | 5.4 | 6,056 | 1,539 | 24.2 | 5.6 | *2,668 | 725 | *9.2 | 7.8 |
| lowa. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Kansas. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 2,690 | 1,256 | 13.5 | 6.0 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Kentucky | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Louisiana | 1,388 | 1,030 | 7.8 | 5.6 | 3,439 | 1,060 | 22.5 | 6.6 | *2,051 | 546 | *14.7 | 8.6 |
| Maine. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maryland | 4,287 | 1,374 | 6.7 | 2.1 | 6,315 | 2,033 | 8.8 | 2.8 | 2,028 | 907 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
| Massachuset | 8,409 | 2,170 | 11.4 | 2.9 | 7,763 | 1,950 | 9.8 | 2.4 | -646 | 1,078 | -1.5 | 3.8 |
| Michigan | 12,489 | 2,642 | 19.9 | 4.0 | 7,562 | 1,828 | 11.8 | 2.8 | *-4,927 | 1,187 | *-8.1 | 4.9 |
| Minnesota | 13,214 | 2,611 | 22.0 | 4.3 | 15,601 | 3,261 | 23.7 | 4.7 | 2,387 | 1,544 | 1.7 | 6.4 |
| Mississippi | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Missouri | 1,659 | 695 | 8.0 | 3.3 | 1,969 | 856 | 9.6 | 4.2 | 310 | 408 | 1.6 | 5.3 |
| Montana. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nebraska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nevada | 3,624 | 1,600 | 10.2 | 4.4 | 4,961 | 2,078 | 12.8 | 5.4 | 1,337 | 969 | 2.6 | 7.0 |
| New Hampshire | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New Jersey | 12,700 | 2,769 | 7.7 | 1.7 | 11,598 | 2,830 | 6.7 | 1.6 | -1,102 | 1,463 | -1.0 | 2.3 |
| New Mexico | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New York | 56,652 | 5,751 | 18.7 | 1.9 | 59,150 | 5,283 | 20.6 | 1.7 | 2,498 | 2,886 | 1.9 | 2.6 |
| North Carolina | 6,473 | 1,814 | 13.3 | 3.5 | 9,052 | 1,980 | 16.0 | 3.4 | *-2,579 | 992 | 2.7 | 4.8 |
| North Dakota | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Ohio. | 5,362 | 1,734 | 12.1 | 3.7 | 6,439 | 1,664 | 13.5 | 3.4 | 1,077 | 888 | 1.4 | 5.0 |
| Oklahoma | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 2,399 | 929 | 15.9 | 6.2 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Oregon. | 5,247 | 1,749 | 16.8 | 5.4 | 4,972 | 1,669 | 15.9 | 5.2 | -275 | 893 | -1.0 | 7.5 |
| Pennsylvania | 11,926 | 3,002 | 15.3 | 3.7 | 11,349 | 2,374 | 13.9 | 2.8 | -577 | 1,414 | -1.3 | 4.6 |
| Rhode Island | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| South Carolina. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| South Dakota. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tennessee | 1,879 | 954 | 8.8 | 4.7 | 3,687 | 1,581 | 15.4 | 6.4 | 1,808 | 682 | 6.6 | 8.0 |
| Texas | 27,414 | 4,710 | 12.1 | 2.1 | 27,741 | 4,188 | 11.9 | 1.7 | 327 | 2,329 | -0.2 | 2.7 |
| Utah. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Vermont | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Virginia. | 6,255 | 1,676 | 7.1 | 1.9 | 8,607 | 2,147 | 8.6 | 2.1 | 2,352 | 1,006 | 1.6 | 2.8 |
| Washington | 11,322 | 3,045 | 12.6 | 3.4 | 11,232 | 2,275 | 10.7 | 2.1 | -90 | 1,405 | -1.9 | 4.0 |
| West Virginia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wisconsin | 6,138 | 1,745 | 16.5 | 4.6 | 9,175 | 2,613 | 22.5 | 6.4 | 3,037 | 1,161 | 6.0 | 7.9 |
| Wyoming | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Puerto Rico | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |

* Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.
(NA) Not available. Data cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

Table 6.

## Number and Percentage of Some Other Race Alone Children in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010

(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 1,582,217 | 36,027 | 32.8 | 0.6 | 1,681,419 | 37,905 | 35.7 | 0.6 | *-99,202 | 31,790 | *2.9 | 0.9 |
| Alabama | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Alaska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Arizona | 43,131 | 6,773 | 29.6 | 4.0 | 45,829 | 7,217 | 33.2 | 4.4 | 2,698 | 6,017 | 3.6 | 5.9 |
| Arkansas | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| California | 484,894 | 19,513 | 29.7 | 1.1 | 524,722 | 20,909 | 33.9 | 1.3 | *39,828 | 17,386 | *4.2 | 1.6 |
| Colorado | 27,537 | 5,575 | 34.0 | 6.3 | 34,404 | 4,674 | 35.3 | 4.3 | 6,867 | 4,423 | 1.3 | 7.6 |
| Connecticut | 22,818 | 4,340 | 39.4 | 5.7 | 19,631 | 3,455 | 36.5 | 5.6 | -3,187 | 3,372 | -3.0 | 8.0 |
| Delaware | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| District of Columbia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Florida | 40,345 | 5,853 | 28.6 | 3.3 | 48,382 | 6,775 | 36.3 | 4.3 | 8,037 | 5,443 | *7.7 | 5.4 |
| Georgia Hawaii . | $\begin{array}{r} 58,673 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,303 \\ (N A) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49.1 \\ & \text { (NA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.2 \\ \text { (NA) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 57,556 \\ \text { (NA) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,107 \\ (N A) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53.1 \\ & \text { (NA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5.5 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1,117 \\ \text { (NA) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6,633 \\ (N A) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4.0 \\ \text { (NA) } \end{array}$ | 7.6 (NA) |
| Idaho | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Illinois | 73,311 | 8,603 | 25.0 | 2.5 | 83,326 | 9,287 | 29.4 | 2.8 | 10,015 | 7,696 | *4.4 | 3.7 |
| Indiana | 16,579 | 3,328 | 37.5 | 6.0 | 16,847 | 3,861 | 35.1 | 6.3 | 268 | 3,099 | -2.4 | 8.7 |
| lowa | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Kansas. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Kentucky | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Louisiana | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maine | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maryland | 8,693 | 2,877 | 15.3 | 5.0 | 7,333 | 2,255 | 15.9 | 4.6 | -1,360 | 2,222 | 0.6 | 6.8 |
| Massachusetts. | 30,974 | 4,453 | 42.4 | 5.1 | 27,470 | 4,461 | 40.1 | 5.3 | -3,504 | 3,832 | -2.2 | 7.4 |
| Michigan | 12,663 | 3,787 | 33.2 | 8.3 | 12,783 | 2,917 | 32.0 | 6.0 | 120 | 2,906 | -1.2 | 10.2 |
| Minnesota | 7,327 | 2,595 | 28.0 | 8.2 | 5,890 | 2,051 | 24.2 | 7.2 | -1,437 | 2,011 | -3.9 | 10.9 |
| Mississippi | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Missouri | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Montan | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nebrask | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nevada | 6,564 | 2,294 | 17.0 | 5.8 | 19,007 | 4,111 | 31.8 | 5.8 | *12,443 | 2,862 | *14.8 | 8.2 |
| New Hampshire | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New Jersey | 36,519 | 5,732 | 26.4 | 3.7 | 52,780 | 7,255 | 34.0 | 3.9 | *16,261 | 5,621 | *7.5 | 5.4 |
| New Mexic | 20,391 | 3,935 | 32.7 | 5.6 | 24,577 | 4,642 | 39.2 | 6.1 | 4,186 | 3,699 | 6.5 | 8.3 |
| New York | 162,768 | 10,136 | 38.6 | 2.0 | 156,334 | 9,590 | 36.3 | 1.9 | -6,434 | 8,483 | -2.3 | 2.8 |
| North Carolina | 57,967 | 6,771 | 47.6 | 4.2 | 51,851 | 5,848 | 47.3 | 4.2 | -6,116 | 5,439 | -0.3 | 6.0 |
| North Dako | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Ohio | 11,290 | 2,954 | 39.9 | 7.3 | 13,200 | 2,663 | 43.2 | 6.6 | 1,910 | 2,418 | 3.3 | 9.9 |
| Oklahoma | 11,537 | 2,751 | 33.7 | 7.3 | 13,653 | 2,936 | 39.9 | 6.5 | 2,116 | 2,446 | 6.2 | 9.8 |
| Oregon. | 18,405 | 4,633 | 35.5 | 6.9 | 23,461 | 4,422 | 41.0 | 6.9 | 5,056 | 3,893 | 5.5 | 9.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 33,333 | 5,124 | 43.1 | 5.4 | 37,215 | 4,479 | 48.9 | 4.8 | 3,882 | 4,137 | 5.8 | 7.3 |
| Rhode Island | 9,020 | 2,401 | 40.4 | 8.7 | 9,868 | 2,624 | 47.0 | 8.9 | 848 | 2,162 | 6.6 | 12.5 |
| South Carolina. | 10,852 | 2,769 (NA) | 48.8 | 8.7 (NA) | 9,463 | 2,540 | 47.8 |  | $-1,389$ | 2,284 | $-1.0$ |  |
| South Dakota | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tenness | 12,355 | 3,373 | 43.9 | 9.0 | 14,190 | 3,436 | 47.2 | 9.2 | 1,835 | 2,927 | 3.3 | 12.9 |
| Texas | 243,130 | 14,502 | 36.4 | 1.5 | 232,227 | 14,290 | 37.4 | 1.9 | -10,903 | 12,377 | 1.0 | 2.4 |
| Utah | 8,856 | 3,008 | 25.1 | 7.1 | 14,096 | 3,063 | 40.1 | 6.9 | 5,240 | 2,610 | *15.1 | 9.9 |
| Vermont | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Virginia. | 9,993 | 3,091 | 19.1 | 5.4 | 10,968 | 3,318 | 17.8 | 4.9 | 975 | 2,757 | -1.3 | 7.3 |
| Washington | 33,733 | 6,314 | 36.3 | 5.6 | 40,086 | 5,743 | 41.7 | 5.4 | 6,353 | 5,189 | 5.4 | 7.8 |
| West Virginia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wisconsin | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 11,134 | 2,727 | 35.9 | 7.6 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wyoming | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Puerto Rico. | 53,256 | 4,644 | 59.3 | 3.5 | 62,025 | 5,489 | 60.6 | 3.8 | *8,769 | 5,189 | 1.3 | 5.1 |

[^11]Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

Table 7.
Number and Percentage of Two or More Race Children in Poverty in the Past $\mathbf{1 2}$ Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010
(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/acs/www /Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 725,925 | 21,825 | 20.4 | 0.5 | 886,163 | 23,849 | 22.7 | 0.5 | *160,238 | 19,652 | *2.3 | 0.8 |
| Alabama | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Alaska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Arizona | 17,633 | 3,829 | 18.8 | 3.7 | 14,030 | 2,945 | 16.3 | 3.1 | -3,603 | 2,937 | -2.5 | 4.8 |
| Arkansas | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| California | 79,022 | 7,338 | 12.2 | 1.1 | 108,291 | 10,417 | 15.8 | 1.4 | *29,269 | 7,746 | *3.6 | 1.8 |
| Colorado | 13,649 | 2,586 | 17.0 | 3.1 | 14,302 | 2,808 | 17.5 | 3.3 | 653 | 2,321 | 0.5 | 4.5 |
| Connecticut | 6,386 | 1,917 | 15.4 | 4.3 | 7,083 | 1,884 | 15.7 | 3.7 | 697 | 1,634 | 0.4 | 5.7 |
| Delaware | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| District of Columbia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Florida | 29,694 | 3,995 | 18.9 | 2.2 | 39,954 | 5,708 | 22.9 | 2.7 | *10,260 | 4,235 | *4.0 | 3.5 |
| Georgia | 14,440 | 2,893 | 17.9 | 3.4 | 21,417 | 3,965 | 23.0 | 3.6 | *6,977 | 2,984 | *5.1 | 4.9 |
| Hawaii | 19,025 | 3,678 | 16.3 | 3.0 | 20,391 | 3,198 | 16.3 | 2.5 | 1,366 | 2,963 | 0.0 | 3.9 |
| Idaho | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Illinois. | 29,658 | 4,946 | 23.3 | 3.3 | 25,215 | 3,429 | 20.0 | 2.3 | -4,443 | 3,659 | -3.3 | 4.0 |
| Indiana | 20,901 | 3,045 | 33.9 | 4.8 | 21,651 | 3,244 | 31.4 | 3.9 | 750 | 2,705 | -2.5 | 6.2 |
| lowa | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Kansas. | 12,376 | 2,587 | 29.7 | 4.8 | 14,247 | 2,469 | 32.0 | 5.0 | 1,871 | 2,174 | 2.3 | 6.9 |
| Kentucky | 14,454 | 2,637 | 37.7 | 5.1 | 15,621 | 2,992 | 39.7 | 6.1 | 1,167 | 2,424 | 2.0 | 7.9 |
| Louisiana | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 9,152 | 2,113 | 24.8 | 5.8 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maine. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maryland | 8,519 | 2,508 | 13.5 | 3.6 | 10,767 | 3,379 | 14.0 | 4.0 | 2,248 | 2,558 | 0.5 | 5.4 |
| Massachusetts. | 14,664 | 3,645 | 20.3 | 4.7 | 15,763 | 2,433 | 23.0 | 2.8 | 1,099 | 2,664 | 2.7 | 5.5 |
| Michigan | 28,582 | 4,083 | 29.8 | 3.6 | 36,845 | 5,146 | 30.4 | 3.1 | *8,263 | 3,993 | 0.7 | 4.7 |
| Minnesota | 12,149 | 2,393 | 20.8 | 3.9 | 18,528 | 3,715 | 26.7 | 4.6 | *6,379 | 2,686 | 5.9 | 6.0 |
| Mississippi | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 7,500 | 2,802 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Missouri | 18,114 | 2,781 | 29.6 | 3.8 | 16,246 | 2,859 | 26.8 | 4.3 | -1,868 | 2,425 | -2.8 | 5.7 |
| Montana. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nebraska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nevada | 6,871 | 2,143 | 16.7 | 4.7 | 8,871 | 2,280 | 18.5 | 4.0 | 2,000 | 1,902 | 1.8 | 6.1 |
| New Hampshire. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New Jersey | 12,098 | 3,316 | 15.0 | 3.6 | 17,681 | 3,879 | 18.7 | 3.5 | *5,583 | 3,102 | 3.6 | 5.0 |
| New Mexico | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New York | 39,787 | 5,350 | 23.7 | 2.7 | 53,519 | 6,242 | 26.0 | 2.8 | *13,732 | 4,998 | 2.3 | 3.9 |
| North Carolina | 26,361 | 4,595 | 27.4 | 3.8 | 29,439 | 4,000 | 27.1 | 3.3 | 3,078 | 3,703 | -0.3 | 5.0 |
| North Dakota | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Ohio | 34,981 | 4,652 | 32.7 | 3.9 | 42,883 | 5,049 | 32.3 | 3.2 | *7,902 | 4,173 | -0.4 | 5.0 |
| Oklahoma | 29,895 | 3,721 | 28.6 | 3.2 | 34,196 | 4,960 | 26.8 | 3.4 | 4,301 | 3,769 | -1.8 | 4.6 |
| Oregon. | 11,228 | 2,558 | 18.9 | 4.0 | 12,533 | 2,413 | 21.1 | 3.7 | 1,305 | 2,138 | 2.1 | 5.4 |
| Pennsylvania | 26,253 | 3,978 | 26.8 | 3.4 | 38,847 | 4,646 | 32.9 | 3.1 | *12,594 | 3,718 | *6.1 | 4.6 |
| Rhode Island | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| South Carolina. | 12,706 | 2,385 | 34.6 | 5.2 | 13,464 | 3,231 | 30.7 | 5.6 | 758 | 2,441 | -3.9 | 7.7 |
| South Dakota. | 1,262 | 600 | 15.6 | 7.0 | 3,169 | 1,030 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 725 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tennessee | 14,190 | 2,675 | 28.5 | 4.9 | 18,437 | 3,646 | 32.9 | 5.5 | 4,247 | 2,749 | 4.4 | 7.4 |
| Texas | 46,026 | 6,082 | 18.6 | 2.1 | 56,502 | 6,260 | 22.0 | 2.0 | *10,476 | 5,306 | *3.5 | 2.9 |
| Utah. | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Vermont | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Virginia. | 14,529 | 3,421 | 14.9 | 3.1 | 14,807 | 2,954 | 12.9 | 2.5 | 278 | 2,748 | -2.0 | 4.0 |
| Washington | 19,401 | 3,408 | 14.3 | 2.3 | 25,516 | 4,367 | 18.1 | 3.0 | *6,115 | 3,367 | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| West Virginia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wisconsin | 12,503 | 2,362 | 25.6 | 4.1 | 19,953 | 2,898 | 30.9 | 3.8 | *7,450 | 2,273 | 5.3 | 5.6 |
| Wyoming | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Puerto Rico . . . . | 76,778 | 6,139 | 64.3 | 3.2 | 77,980 | 5,816 | 57.7 | 3.6 | 1,202 | 5,141 | *-6.5 | 4.8 |

[^12]Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

Table 8.

## Number and Percentage of Hispanic Children in Poverty in the Past 12 Months by State and Puerto Rico: 2009 and 2010

(For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/Accuracy/ACS_Accuracy_of_Data_2010.pdf)

| Area | Below poverty in 2009 |  |  |  | Below poverty in 2010 |  |  |  | Change in poverty (2010 less 2009) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $( \pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $\pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $\pm)^{2}$ | Number ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $\pm)^{2}$ | Percent ${ }^{1}$ | Margin of error $\pm)^{2}$ |
| United States | 5,061,196 | 52,281 | 30.8 | 0.3 | 5,471,739 | 55,675 | 32.3 | 0.3 | *410,543 | 46,428 | *1.5 | 0.4 |
| Alabama | 26,825 | 3,876 | 43.6 | 5.8 | 25,262 | 3,300 | 38.2 | 4.6 | -1,563 | 3,095 | -5.5 | 7.4 |
| Alaska | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Arizona | 247,626 | 15,058 | 33.3 | 2.1 | 227,850 | 12,615 | 32.7 | 1.8 | *-19,776 | 11,942 | -0.7 | 2.7 |
| Arkansas | 30,759 | 4,312 | 43.2 | 6.1 | 27,401 | 3,882 | 38.5 | 5.4 | -3,358 | 3,527 | -4.7 | 8.1 |
| California | 1,281,747 | 27,218 | 27.5 | 0.6 | 1,414,838 | 34,625 | 30.2 | 0.7 | *133,091 | 26,773 | *2.6 | 0.9 |
| Colorado | 122,646 | 8,142 | 34.0 | 2.3 | 113,908 | 7,448 | 30.8 | 2.0 | -8,738 | 6,708 | *-3.2 | 3.0 |
| Connecticu | 44,729 | 4,728 | 31.4 | 3.3 | 44,800 | 4,810 | 28.4 | 3.0 | 71 | 4,100 | -3.1 | 4.5 |
| Delaware | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 6,851 | 2,317 | 25.7 | 8.8 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| District of Columbia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Florida | 266,240 | 12,653 | 25.3 | 1.2 | 310,678 | 15,539 | 28.3 | 1.4 | *44,438 | 12,182 | *3.0 | 1.8 |
| Georgia | 131,257 | 9,075 | 42.0 | 2.8 | 126,076 | 8,320 | 40.6 | 2.6 | -5,181 | 7,484 | -1.4 | 3.8 |
| Hawaii . | 8,015 | 1,861 | 18.9 | 4.4 | 8,515 | 2,138 | 19.4 | 5.0 | 500 | 1,723 | 0.5 | 6.6 |
| Idaho | 24,194 | 3,771 | 35.3 | 5.4 | 24,074 | 3,691 | 33.1 | 5.1 | -120 | 3,208 | -2.2 | 7.4 |
| Illinois | 179,397 | 10,469 | 25.8 | 1.5 | 186,910 | 11,573 | 26.0 | 1.6 | 7,513 | 9,487 | 0.2 | 2.2 |
| Indiana | 48,841 | 5,241 | 36.7 | 3.8 | 52,177 | 4,709 | 34.7 | 3.0 | 3,336 | 4,283 | -2.0 | 4.9 |
| lowa | 16,295 | 2,400 | 31.6 | 4.7 | 20,063 | 3,300 | 33.4 | 5.4 | 3,768 | 2,481 | 1.9 | 7.1 |
| Kansas | 31,643 | 3,765 | 31.6 | 3.7 | 38,014 | 4,700 | 31.9 | 3.9 | *6,371 | 3,661 | 0.3 | 5.4 |
| Kentucky | 17,620 | 3,269 | 38.7 | 6.4 | 19,020 | 2,678 | 39.2 | 5.1 | 1,400 | 2,569 | 0.6 | 8.2 |
| Louisiana | 10,004 | 2,135 | 20.7 | 4.4 | 13,708 | 2,030 | 26.0 | 3.9 | *3,704 | 1,791 | 5.3 | 5.9 |
| Maine | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Maryland | 19,976 | 3,700 | 14.6 | 2.8 | 22,827 | 3,819 | 15.8 | 2.6 | 2,851 | 3,232 | 1.2 | 3.8 |
| Massachuset | 72,193 | 5,088 | 37.6 | 2.7 | 80,970 | 5,742 | 38.7 | 2.7 | *8,777 | 4,664 | 1.1 | 3.8 |
| Michigan | 54,928 | 4,892 | 36.1 | 3.2 | 59,761 | 4,843 | 35.8 | 2.9 | 4,833 | 4,185 | -0.3 | 4.3 |
| Minnesota | 29,148 | 3,592 | 32.4 | 3.8 | 28,782 | 3,332 | 29.3 | 3.4 | -366 | 2,978 | -3.1 | 5.1 |
| Mississippi | 7,979 | 2,128 | 34.4 | 8.4 | 8,431 | 1,792 | 34.7 | 7.7 | 452 | 1,691 | 0.3 | 11.4 |
| Missouri | 26,694 | 3,391 | 34.4 | 4.2 | 24,633 | 3,605 | 31.3 | 4.6 | -2,061 | 3,009 | -3.1 | 6.2 |
| Montana | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Nebraska | 17,375 | 2,902 | 29.0 | 4.9 | 23,170 | 3,501 | 33.8 | 5.0 | *5,795 | 2,764 | 4.8 | 7.1 |
| Nevada | 64,350 | 7,117 | 24.8 | 2.8 | 79,917 | 7,170 | 30.7 | 2.8 | *15,567 | 6,141 | *5.9 | 3.9 |
| New Hampshire | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| New Jersey | 110,763 | 8,742 | 25.4 | 2.0 | 121,299 | 8,852 | 26.6 | 2.0 | 10,536 | 7,563 | 1.2 | 2.8 |
| New Mexico | 83,732 | 7,465 | 30.1 | 2.7 | 106,283 | 8,348 | 35.4 | 2.8 | *22,551 | 6,808 | *5.3 | 3.9 |
| New York | 313,268 | 12,643 | 33.3 | 1.3 | 323,803 | 12,293 | 33.9 | 1.3 | 10,535 | 10,720 | 0.6 | 1.8 |
| North Carolina | 119,502 | 8,626 | 42.3 | 2.9 | 130,743 | 9,132 | 42.6 | 2.9 | 11,241 | 7,636 | 0.3 | 4.1 |
| North Dakota | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Ohio. | 45,575 | 3,799 | 37.7 | 3.1 | 49,746 | 4,087 | 37.7 | 3.1 | 4,171 | 3,392 | - | 4.4 |
| Oklahoma | 42,144 | 3,972 | 35.3 | 3.3 | 49,177 | 4,237 | 37.3 | 3.2 | *7,033 | 3,530 | 2.1 | 4.6 |
| Oregon. | 50,091 | 5,928 | 29.5 | 3.5 | 62,854 | 5,575 | 35.7 | 3.1 | *12,763 | 4,947 | *6.2 | 4.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 82,764 | 5,764 | 35.2 | 2.0 | 106,803 | 6,330 | 41.6 | 2.5 | *24,039 | 5,204 | *6.4 | 3.4 |
| Rhode Island | 15,406 | 2,825 | 35.2 | 6.5 | 16,747 | 2,866 | 36.8 | 6.3 | 1,341 | 2,446 | 1.6 | 9.0 |
| South Carolina. | 31,386 | 4,026 | 40.8 | 5.0 | 34,612 | 3,468 | 43.9 | 4.3 | 3,226 | 3,230 | 3.1 | 6.6 |
| South Dakota | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tennessee | 38,679 | 4,592 | 37.3 | 4.4 | 44,329 | 4,496 | 42.3 | 4.1 | 5,650 | 3,907 | 5.0 | 6.0 |
| Texas | 1,130,570 | 27,913 | 35.2 | 0.9 | 1,175,886 | 25,272 | 35.6 | 0.8 | *45,316 | 22,890 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| Utah. | 31,959 | 4,682 | 22.9 | 3.4 | 48,703 | 4,936 | 34.4 | 3.5 | *16,744 | 4,136 | *11.5 | 4.8 |
| Vermont | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Virginia. | 31,294 | 5,244 | 16.5 | 2.8 | 36,282 | 4,625 | 18.2 | 2.3 | 4,988 | 4,251 | 1.7 | 3.6 |
| Washington | 86,769 | 8,209 | 32.0 | 3.1 | 107,564 | 8,270 | 36.6 | 2.8 | *20,795 | 7,084 | *4.5 | 4.2 |
| West Virginia | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Wisconsin | 37,031 | 4,329 | 32.5 | 3.7 | 45,513 | 4,319 | 34.7 | 3.2 | *8,482 | 3,717 | 2.3 | 4.9 |
| Wyoming | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Puerto Rico | 538,279 | 9,681 | 57.3 | 1.0 | 495,010 | 9,903 | 56.3 | 1.1 | *-43,269 | 8,419 | -1.1 | 1.5 |

[^13]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Duncan, G., and Brooks-Gunn, J. (Eds.). 1997. Consequences of growing up poor. New York, NY: Russell Sage Press; Wagmiller, Jr., R.L., Lennon, M.C., Kuang, L., Alberti, P.M., Aber, J.L. 2006. "The dynamics of economic disadvantage and children's life changes." American Sociological Review, 71(5), 847-866.
    ${ }^{2}$ The ACS is conducted continuously and income data is collected for the 12 months preceding the interview. As such, throughout this report facts based on 2010 data refer to data collected in the 2010 ACS and not to the calendar year. Because the survey is continuous, adjacent ACS years have income reference months in common. For this reason comparing the 2009 ACS with the 2010 ACS is not an exact comparison of the economic conditions in 2009 with those in 2010. Comparisons should be interpreted with care. For more information on the ACS sample design and other topics visit <www.census.gov/acs/www>.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ The child poverty rate for New Hampshire is not statistically different from Alaska.

[^2]:    ${ }^{6}$ Federal surveys now give respondents the option of reporting more than one race. Therefore, two basic ways of defining a race group are possible. A group such as Asian may be defined as those who reported Asian and no other race (the race-alone or singlerace concept) or as those who reported Asian regardless of whether they also reported another race (the race-alone-or-incombination concept). The body of this report (text, figures, and tables) shows data using the first approach (race alone). Use of the single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches.

    In this report the term "White" refers to those who reported White and no other race. The term "Black" refers to those who reported "Black" and no other race. The term "Asian" refers to those who reported Asian and no other race. Because Hispanics may be any race, data in this report for Hispanics overlap with data for race groups. Data users should exercise caution when interpreting aggregate results for race groups or for children of Hispanic origin because these populations consist of many distinct groups that differ in social and economic characteristics, culture, and recency of immigration.

[^3]:    ${ }^{7}$ Not included in this ACS Brief are children reported to be American Indian and Alaska Native alone or Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone because group sizes were too small to be reported by state. In the 2010 ACS, children in these race groups were 1.2 percent of children in the poverty universe and are included in totals for all U.S. children.

[^4]:    ${ }^{8}$ Respondents to the 2010 American Community Survey had the option of reporting only one race group or more than one for themselves and the children in their households. Persons who report only one race among the six defined categories are referred to as the race-alone population while persons who report more than one race category are referred to as the Two or More Races group. For more information, see the 2010 Census Brief, Overview of Race and Hispanic Origin, at <www.census.gov/prod/cen2010/briefs /c2010br-02.pdf>.

[^5]:    ${ }^{9}$ Alabama, California, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin.

[^6]:    ${ }^{11}$ The number of children in poverty in Florida and New York are not statistically different. Child poverty rates in California and New York are statistically different. However, the California child poverty rate is not statistically different from rates in Indiana, Montana, Nevada, or Oregon and the child poverty rate in New York is not statistically different from rates in Indiana, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, or Oregon. The child poverty rate in Florida is not statistically different from rates in Arizona, Michigan, Nevada, or Ohio. The child poverty rate in Texas is not statistically different from rates in Kentucky, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, or West Virginia.

[^7]:    ${ }^{21}$ Rates for Some Other Race alone children in these states are not statistically different from the rate for Minnesota.
    ${ }^{22}$ Rates for Some Other Race alone children in these 11 states are not statistically different from the rates for Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Oklahoma, Texas, or Wisconsin.
    ${ }^{23}$ Among Hispanic children, the child poverty rate for Hawaii is not statistically different from the rate for Illinois.
    ${ }^{24}$ Hispanic child poverty rates in these states are not statistically different from the rates estimated for Alabama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Mexico, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, or Washington.

[^8]:    * Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

[^9]:    (NA) Not available. Data cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
    ${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

[^10]:    * Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.
    ${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

[^11]:    *Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.
    (NA) Not available. Data cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
    ${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

[^12]:    *Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.
    (NA) Not available. Data cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
    ${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

[^13]:    * Statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.
    - Represents or rounds to zero.
    (NA) Not available. Data cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
    ${ }^{1}$ Poverty status is determined for individuals in housing units and noninstitutional group quarters. The poverty universe excludes children under age 15 who are not related to the householder, people living in institutional group quarters, and people living in college dormitories or military barracks.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number when added to or subtracted from the estimate forms the 90 percent confidence interval.

    Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 and 2010 American Community Surveys, 2009 and 2010 Puerto Rico Community Surveys.

